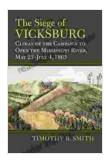
The Climax of the Campaign to Open the Mississippi River: May 23 - July 4, 1863

In the spring of 1863, the Union Army launched a major campaign to open the Mississippi River, which was controlled by the Confederate Army. The goal of the campaign was to capture the city of Vicksburg, Mississippi, which was a key strategic point on the river. The campaign was led by Ulysses S. Grant, and it involved a series of battles and sieges.

The campaign began on May 23, 1863, when Grant's army crossed the Mississippi River at Bruinsburg, Mississippi. Grant's army then marched inland and defeated the Confederate army at the Battle of Port Gibson on May 17. The Union army then continued to advance, and on May 22, it laid siege to Vicksburg.



The Siege of Vicksburg: Climax of the Campaign to Open the Mississippi River, May 23-July 4, 1863

by Timothy B. Smith	
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: English	
: 15212 KB	
: Enabled	
: Supported	
: Enabled	
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: 1058 pages	



The siege of Vicksburg lasted for 47 days. During the siege, the Union army bombarded Vicksburg with artillery and dug tunnels under the city's defenses. The Confederate army fought back fiercely, and the fighting was intense. On July 4, 1863, the Confederate army surrendered to Grant's army.

The capture of Vicksburg was a major victory for the Union army. It opened the Mississippi River to Union shipping, and it divided the Confederacy in two. The victory also boosted the morale of the Union army and helped to turn the tide of the war in favor of the Union.

The campaign to open the Mississippi River was a complex and challenging operation. It involved a series of battles and sieges, and it lasted for several months. However, the Union army's victory was a major turning point in the Civil War.

The Battles of the Campaign

The campaign to open the Mississippi River involved a series of battles and sieges. The most important battles were:

- The Battle of Port Gibson (May 17, 1863)
- The Battle of Raymond (May 12, 1863)
- The Battle of Jackson (May 14, 1863)
- The Siege of Vicksburg (May 22 July 4, 1863)

The Siege of Vicksburg

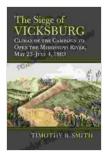
The siege of Vicksburg was a key event in the campaign to open the Mississippi River. The siege lasted for 47 days, and it involved intense

fighting. The Union army bombarded Vicksburg with artillery and dug tunnels under the city's defenses. The Confederate army fought back fiercely, but on July 4, 1863, it surrendered to Grant's army.

The Impact of the Campaign

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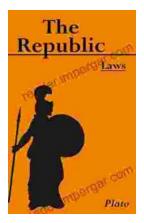
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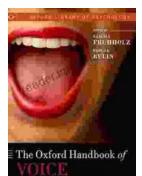
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